What Is Claimed Is:

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1. A fuel injector for use with an internal combustion engine, the fuel injector comprising:

a housing having a flow passage extending along a longitudinal axis between a first end and a second end;

an electromagnetic actuator including a stator having an end face;

an armature assembly proximate the electromagnetic actuator, the armature assembly having a surface in confronting arrangement with the end face;

spring means to establish a gap between the end face and the surface;

a flow metering device disposed within the flow passage proximate the second end, the flow metering device engaging the armature assembly; and

a sleeve disposed along the longitudinal axis within the flow passage at a preset position, the sleeve bearing against the flow metering device to define the gap.

- 2. The fuel injector according to claim 1, wherein the flow metering device engages the armature assembly and the sleeve to define a spring preload on the armature assembly.
- 3. The fuel injector according to claim 1, wherein the housing includes a tube assembly having a generally uniform diameter extending axially over a substantial length of the tube assembly.
- 4. The fuel injector according to claim 1, wherein the flow metering device further comprises at least one of a seat, an armature guide, and an orifice disk.
- 5. The fuel injector according to claim 1, wherein the armature assembly includes an armature, an armature tube and a closure member.

6. The fuel injector according to claim 3, further comprising welds that secure the seat and the sleeve to the tube assembly.

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- 7. The fuel injector according to claim 3, wherein the gap is adjusted by moving at least one of the sleeve, an armature guide and a seat along the longitudinal axis.
- 8. The fuel injector according to claim 2, wherein the sleeve is an annulus having an outside diameter substantially equal to an inside diameter of the flow passage and a circumferential thickness between 5 to 25 percent of the inside diameter of the housing, the annulus being fixedly located in the flow passage by a working fit between the two diameters.
- 10. The fuel injector according to claim 1, wherein the sleeve comprises a substantially non-magnetic annulus having an inside diameter between 67% to 85% of the outside diameter of the flow passage.
- 11. The fuel injector according to claim 10, wherein the sleeve is formed by one of a stamping, casting, deep-drawing or a machining process.
- 12. The fuel injector according to claim 4, further comprising a retainer that secures the orifice disk within the housing and wherein the armature assembly includes an armature, armature tube and a closure member, the closure member being coupled to the armature guide, the armature guide being contiguous to the sleeve.
- 13. The fuel injector according to claim 1, wherein the sleeve is annulus having an axial length at least than one-half the outside diameter of the sleeve.

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14. A method of setting a working gap of an armature assembly in a fuel injector, the fuel injector having a housing including a first end and a second end extending between a longitudinal axis, a housing having a flow passage extending between the first and second ends, an electromagnetic actuator including a stator and an armature assembly, a spring disposed between the stator and the armature assembly and operable to push the armature assembly towards the second end to form a gap therein, the method comprising:

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inserting a sleeve and a flow metering assembly within the flow passage, the flow metering assembly limiting the movement of the armature assembly towards the second end; and

limiting the inserting of the flow metering assembly along the longitudinal axis toward a first end by a position of the sleeve, the position defining the magnitude of the gap between the stator and the armature assembly.

- 15. The method according to claim 14, wherein the housing further comprises a tube.
- 16. The method according to claim 14, wherein the flow metering assembly includes at least one of a seat, an armature guide and an orifice disk.
- 17. The method according to claim 14, wherein the sleeve has an outside diameter that grips the inside diameter of the flow passage.
- 18. The method according to claim 14, wherein the limiting further comprises a sleeve in contiguous engagement with the flow metering assembly.
- 19. The method according to claim 14, further comprising:
 adjusting a volume of fuel dispensed by the fuel injector by moving at least one of
 the sleeve and seat along the longitudinal axis.